

AN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE

ON THE BITE® IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY PLATFORM







Oncology

Advancing oncology at the speed of life™

Table of contents

The unmet need in immuno-oncology	3
What is BiTE® technology?	/
	4
The potential and utility of BiTE® technology	6
Development programs	8
Amgen's leadership in immuno-oncology	10

THE NEED FOR NEW THERAPEUTIC APPROACHES REMAINS HIGH Despite recent advancements in immuno-oncology, not enough patients benefit from current treatments. Therefore, additional immuno-oncology options are needed to address both hematologic and solid tumor malignancies.

Considerations for addressing the unmet need



Designed to be readily available to patients¹



Ensure broad patient access^{1,2}



Management of treatment and patient care costs^{1,3}



Limit the impact of burden of care¹

Amgen is committed to advancing the field of immuno-oncology



Advancing oncology at the speed of life™

BITE® TECHNOLOGY
IS DESIGNED TO
ENGAGE THE
NATURAL POWER
OF T CELLS

Cytotoxic T cells play an important role in the body's immune defense by identifying and eliminating cancer cells; however, cancer cells can develop mechanisms to evade T-cell recognition and destruction.^{4,5}

BiTE® technology is designed to overcome cancer cells' evasion of the immune system by engaging patients' own T cells to directly target cancer cells. BiTE® molecules bind a tumor-associated antigen on tumor cells and CD3 on T cells.^{4,6}

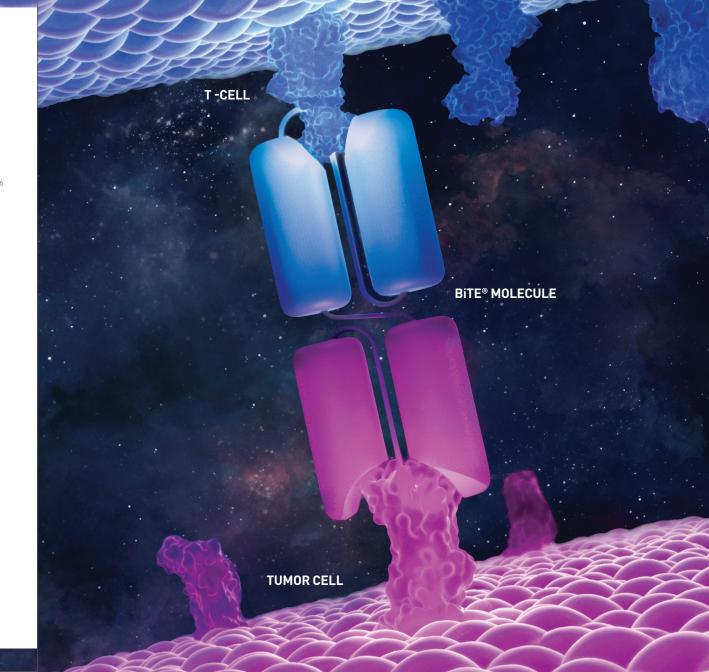
The BiTE® molecule is designed to activate the cytotoxic potential of T cells with the goal of eliminating cancer cells.⁷

• Recruitment of a T cell to a cancer cell leads to the formation of a cytolytic synapse, triggering T-cell activation and the release of perforin and granzymes that induce tumor cell apoptosis⁷

The goal of BiTE® technology is to eliminate cancer cells

Once T cells are activated by a BiTE® molecule, the T cells may induce further T-cell proliferation and cytokine production.⁸

- Activation of a single T cell may potentially result in the serial lysis of multiple tumor cells⁷
- T-cell activation results in T-cell proliferation that may expand the memory T-cell population^{4,7}





The BiTE® immuno-oncology platform offers versatility to potentially target any tumor-associated antigen

The CD3-targeting domain is designed to bind to the T cell, while the tumor-targeted domain can be engineered to target tumor-associated antigens across both hematologic and solid tumor malignancies.⁴

This approach is being studied across a wide range of settings:^{4,6}

- In patients with high and low tumor burden
- In patients with rapidly progressing disease
- Across different treatment lines

BiTE® molecules under clinical investigation include the following targets:4,9

Tumor-associated antigen-binding

> T-cell–binding domain

Tumor-associate antigen-bindin domai

T-cell-binding domain





BiTE® molecules are designed to bring T-cell innovation to more patients

- Designed to engage T cells to target tumor-associated antigens⁴
- Being investigated across a broad range of hematologic and solid tumor malignancies⁴
- Designed to lead to off-the-shelf therapies without the need for ex vivo manipulation of patients' $cells^{4,6}$
- Investigated for use as monotherapies and in combination with other treatments¹⁰

The BiTE® immuno-oncology platform aims to make innovative T-cell therapies available to more healthcare providers and their patients^{4,6}



THE BITE®
PLATFORM IS BEING
INVESTIGATED
ACROSS A DIVERSE
SET OF TUMOR
TYPES

The BiTE® immuno-oncology platform has been studied in thousands of patients, many of whom have been followed for up to 5 years.¹¹

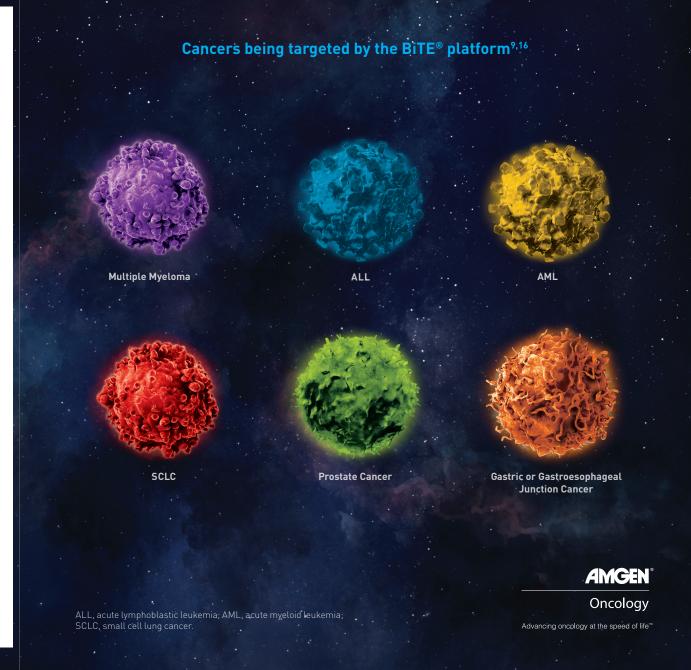
Amgen is committed to developing innovative medicines that address important unmet medical needs

Amgen is a pioneer in immuno-oncology and developed the first approved BiTE® molecule. The BiTE® immuno-oncology platform continues to be investigated across multiple different hematologic and solid tumor malignancies.¹⁰

With the BiTE® immuno-oncology platform, Amgen is driven to push the boundaries of science to transform the standard of care for patients with cancer by:

- Leveraging innovative trial designs^{12,13}
- Investigating clinically relevant endpoints and outcomes such as MRD and long-term survival^{14,15}
- Generating BiTE® molecules with varying levels of T-cell affinity while maintaining antitumor potency¹⁰

BiTE® therapies are being investigated for use as monotherapies and in combination with other treatments¹⁰



AMGEN IS COMMITTED TO BRINGING T-CELL INNOVATION TO PATIENTS

Features of the BiTE® platform

Canonical BiTE® molecules are designed to be relatively small recombinant proteins that are cleared through the kidney, with a typical serum half-life of a few hours. 10 Currently, Amgen is investigating BiTE® molecules with additional features, including a HLE BiTE® molecule containing a

Fc domain.¹⁷ Adding an Fc portion to the BiTE® molecule is designed to extend the amount of time before it is eliminated from the body.¹⁸

Investigational BiTE® molecule Tumor-associated antigen target Cancer type

The growing BiTE® immuno-oncology pipeline

investigational Bire motecute runio	associated antigen target	Carreer type
Acapatamab (AMG 160)*	PSMA	Prostate cancer, NSCLC
* AMG 340	PSMA	Prostate cancer
AMG 199*	MÜC17	Gastric, gastroesophageal junction, colorectal, and pancreatic cancers
AMG 427*	FLT3	AML
Pavurutamab (AMG 701)*	ВСМА	Multiple myeloma
Tarlatamab (AMG 757)*	DLL3	SCLC, neuroendocrine prostate cancer

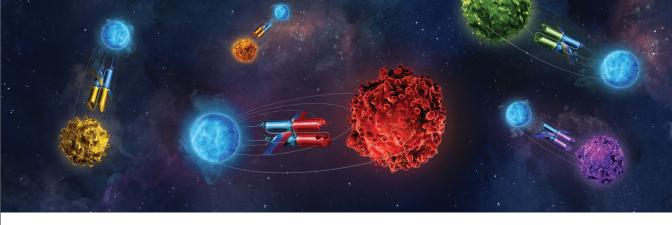
References: 1. Einsele H, et al. Cancer. 2020;126:3192-3201. 2. Goebeler ME, et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2020;17:418-434. 3. Delea TE, et al. Pharmacoeconomics. 2019;37:1177-1193. 4. Baeuerle PA, et al. Curr Opin Mol Ther. 2009;11:22-30. 5. Ferrone S, et al. Surg Oncol Clin N Am. 2007;16:755-774. 6. Frankel SR, et al. Curr Opin Chem Biol. 2013;17:385-392. 7. Nagorsen D, et al. Exp Cell Res. 2011;317: 1255-1260. 8. Baeuerle PA, et al. Cancer Res. 2009;69:4941-4944. 9. Amgen Pipeline. https://www.amgenpipeline.com/-/media/Themes/Amgen/amgenpipeline-com/amgenpipeline-com/PDF/amgen-pipeline-chart.pdf. Accessed April 11, 2022. 10. Yuraszeck T, et al. Clin Pharmacol Ther. 2017;101:634-645. 11. Data on file, Amgen; 2019. 12. Berry DA. Clin Pharmacol Ther. 2016;99:82-91. 13. Amgen Science. https://www.amgenscience.com/features/a-strategy-for-making-clinical-trials-more-successful/. Accessed April 11, 2022. 14. Gökbuget N, et al. Blood. 2018;131:1522-1531. 15. Hoelzer D. Haematologica. 2015;100:855-858. 16. ClinicalTrials.gov. https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04117958. Accessed April 11, 2022. 17. Raum T, et al. US Patent 2017/0218077 A1. August 3, 2017. 18. Weidle UH, et al. Cancer Genomics Proteomics. 2013;10:1-18.

The BiTE® platform has the potential to bring hope to patients, including those with rare and aggressive diseases



Advancing oncology at the speed of life'

*HLE BiTE® Platform.



BITE: THE ENGAGER™

The BiTE® universe is expanding

The BiTE® immuno-oncology platform:

- Engages patients' own T cells to target tumor-associated antigens, with the goal of activating the cytotoxic potential of T cells to fight cancer⁴
- Has already been investigated in thousands of patients and continues to be investigated across various hematologic and solid tumor malignancies^{9,11}
- Pioneered by Amgen, which continues to accelerate the investigation of BiTE® technology with the goal of enhancing patient experience and therapeutic potential^{8,10}

Learn more at amgenoncology.com/bite-platform.html



